SPIDER SECURITY PROJUCTS

PHYSICAL SECURITY REDEFINED. TM



#2 Protects Wiegand Readers from edge-

(Avoiding reader replacement)

#3 Core technology is "future-proofed"

deployed Man in the Middle hacking

modules without reader replacement?

to protect next-gen reader protocols?

format compatible w/ typical panels?

#17 Can protect other signals other than Wiegand? (i.e. ABA, F/2F, RS485, etc)

#18 Material costs to protect an existing

8 Reader Wiegand Access Panel:

COMPARISON CHART OF: READER PROTECTION TYPES

CYPRESS Wiegand/OSDP Converter

(Using "Reader-side" method): No. This method requires OSDP-#1 Connects directly to a Wiegandbased Access Controller Panel? compliant Controllers. (Avoiding panel replacement) (Using "Panel-side" method): Yes.

> No. The OSM-1000 cannot protect existing Wiegand Readers against MitM modules. Safeguarding is only possible when entire systems are replaced with OSDP-compatible equipment. (e.g. HID* Part #: 920PTPNEK00387)

> > No. Works with OSDP or Wiegand only.

Yes. Compatible with all Wiegand Panels. Replacement of Wiegand Panels are not mandatory.

Yes. Compatible with all Wiegand Readers to protect them against edge-deployed "MitM" hacking modules. (Replacing the Wiegand Reader is not necessary)

Yes. The Spider Blocker can protect any 2 wire reader signal.

- #4 Device is simple to install & configure? Yes
- #5 Accommodates both "Open Collector" No. The OSM does not supervise external tamper switches. Yes & "Dry Contact" Tamper Outputs?
- Using "Reader-side" method: No #6 Outputs a tamper alarm signal in a Yes Using "Panel-side" method: Yes
- **#7** Has Removable Screw-Terminal Blocks No Yes
- for best-practice wiring connections?
- #8 Protects against Power Manipulation Nο Yes attacks? (i.e. Conrtroller Panel downing)
- Has 'on-board' fuses that protect the No Yes existing power supplies, core module,
- & the access reader? **#10** Provides separate "Normal State" &
- "Alarm State" LEDs that will clearly indicate device's tampering status? #11 Permanently latches into an Alarm No. The OSM-1000 does not permanently latch into an Alarm. It Yes
- State upon initial Reader Tamper reverts back to normal once the reader cover has been replaced. This flaw permits a MitM insertion to be successful & unnoticed. Switch activation?
- #12 Can be Locally & Remotely Reset No Yes from a latched Alarm State?
- #13 Can be Remotely Activated for No Yes
- multi-device alarm triggering? (i.e. Site Lockdown)
- #14 Offers Single Door & 8 Door Kits to No
- accommodate larger deployments? #15 Protects against "Denial of Service" Using "Reader Side" Method: Yes
- Using "Panel Side" Method: No attacks onto Reader Data Lines? #16 Provides an enhanced reader signal Yes. However, the encryption keys are not unique. In addition,
- alternative to Wiegand? OSDP has not been proven insusceptible to potential decryption.
 - Using "Reader Side" Method: Yes Using "Panel Side" Method: No
 - ✓ OSDP Reader (HID Part #: 920PTPNEK00387) \$352 x 8 = \$2,816
 - ✓ Cypress (OSM-1000 Wiegand-OSDP Module) \$199 x 8 = \$1,592
- Yes. The Reader Data Lines are immediately severed upon an initial Tamper Alarm occurrence.
- No. The Spider Blocker is not an alternative to Wiegand. It simply protects Wiegand's Signal lines from exploitation.
- Yes. The Spider Blocker is 'Signal Agnostic'. It can safeguard any 2 or 4 wire reader communications signal.
 - ✓ Spider Blocker (SSP-SBL-301) \$99.95 x 8 = \$1,199.60**

Cost to protect an existing 8-RDR system w/ OSM = \$4,408,00

Cost to protect an existing 8-RDR system w/ Blockers =

Data collected as of 1/4/2018

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^{**}Requires that the existing access devices to be protected already contain existing tamper switches (which most do). Cost-effective Spider Tamper Switches are available in case